In the Claims

Please amend claims, as follows:

1. (Original) A polarized display, comprising:

an intensity modulating matrix display, said intensity modulating matrix display having a front surface; and

a polarizing matrix display panel in front of said intensity modulating matrix display, said polarizing matrix display panel having a front surface;

wherein the display is one of:

a linear polarization display, each pixel of said polarizing matrix display panel being controllable and a rotation of a generated polarized light being varied over a range including 90 degrees and below; and

an elliptical polarization display, each pixel of said polarizing matrix display panel being controllable and a phase between a fast and a slow axes of a polarized light coming from a corresponding pixel of said intensity modulating matrix display in a range including 180 degrees and below.

- 2. (Amended) The display according claim 1, wherein said modulating matrix display comprising comprises a backlight panel, a first polarizer, a first matrix display panel and a second polarizer, said polarizing matrix display panel comprising a second matrix display panel.
- 3. (Amended) The display according to any one of claims claim 1 and 2, wherein said polarizing matrix display panel comprising comprises a front half-length retarder.
- 4. (Amended) The display according to claim 3, <u>wherein</u> said polarizing matrix display panel <u>eomprising comprises</u> a quarter-length retarder sheet in front of said front half-length retarder, said display being an elliptical polarization display.
- 5. (Amended) The display according to any one of claims claim 1 to 4, wherein the display is looked at with passive 3D glasses, yielding a stereoscopic screen.

- 6. (Amended) The display according to claim 1, wherein said intensity modulating matrix display emprising comprises a first LCD panel and said polarizing matrix display panel comprising comprises a second LCD panel, a first player wearing glasses with both eyes at a first polarized orientation and a second player wearing glasses at a second polarized orientation, yielding a two players-two displays-single screen-full screens display screen.
- 7. (Amended) The display according to anyone of claims claim 1-to 6, wherein said intensity modulating matrix display comprising comprises at least one of a first microlens arrays layer and gradient index lenses (GRIN), said polarizing matrix display panel comprising at least one of a first micro-lens arrays layer and gradient index lenses (GRIN).
- 8. (Amended) The display according to any one of claims claim 1-to 7, wherein said polarizing matrix display panel comprising comprises one of a front diffuser and a front microballs diffuser.
- 9. (Amended) The display according to claim 8, wherein said polarizing matrix display panel comprising comprises a microprism between the front surface thereof and said front microballs diffuser.
- 10. (Amended) The display according to anyone of claims claim 1 to 9, wherein said intensity modulating matrix display comprises a grating optical element in the front surface thereof.
- 11. (Amended) The display according to any one of claims claim 1 to 10, further comprising an image replicator layer provided between said intensity modulating matrix display and said polarizing matrix display panel.
- 12. (Amended) The display according to claim 11, wherein said image replicator layer comprises at least one of <u>-- a mini-Lens Arrays layer, said where arrays being are selected to form a non-inverted 1:1 1:1 image projection, and <u>-- Index (GRIN) lenses.</u></u>

- 13. (Original) The display according to claim 11, wherein said image replicator layer comprises at least one holographic optical elements device.
- 14. (Amended) The display according to anyone of claims claim 1 to 13, wherein said intensity modulating matrix display and said polarizing matrix display panel are integrated into one matrix display panel.
- 15. (Amended) The display according to claim 14, wherein said integrated matrix display panel comprises two active glass substrates:—<u>and</u> a thin sheet of liquid crystals between said two substrates;—, said thin sheet comprising an IPO conductive layer and a color filter, <u>and</u> said two active substrates and said color filter being aligned.
- 16. (Amended) The display according to claim 15, wherein said two active substrates are about, 7 mm thick, said thin sheet is less than, about 2 mm.
- 17. (Amended) The display according to any one of claims claim 1 to 16, wherein both said intensity modulating matrix display and said polarizing matrix display panel comprising comprise LCD panels.
- 18. (Amended) The display according to anyone of claims claim 1 to 17, wherein each pixel is subdivided into sub-pixels controlling a red, a green and a blue intensities intensity, said intensity modulating matrix display and said polarizing matrix display panel respectively converting each corresponding sub-pixel into modular and angular signals given in a Cartesian system of angles as follows:

$$Modulo = \sqrt{(left^2 + right^2)}$$
 (1)

$$Angular = Arc \tan\left(\frac{left}{right}\right)$$
 (2)

where left is a value of a sub-pixel of a first image with the first linear polarization angle corresponding to a same sub-pixel on a second image with the second linear polarization angle, and right is a value of a sub-pixel of the second image corresponding to a same sub-pixel on the first image.

19. (Amended) The display according to claim 18, wherein the modular and angular signals being are given in an oblique system of angle $\omega = \alpha + \beta$ by transformed modular and angular signals as follows:

$$Modulo' = \sqrt{(L^2 \cos^2 \theta + 2LR \cos(\omega + \theta) + R^2 \cos^2(\omega + \theta))}$$
 (9)

Angulo'=
$$\arctan\left(\frac{L\cos\theta + R\cos(\omega + \theta)}{L\sin\theta + R\sin(\omega + \theta)}\right)$$
 (10)

where $2\theta = (90^{\circ} - (\alpha + \beta))$, L is value of a sub-pixel of a first image with a first linear polarization angle β corresponding to a same sub-pixel on a second image with a second linear polarization angle α , and R is a value of a sub-pixel of the second image corresponding to a same sub-pixel on the first image.

20. (Original) The display according to claim 19, further comprising a first and a second linear polarized filters located side by side in a plane generally parallel to the front surface of the polarizing matrix display panel, in front thereof; said first linear polarized filter being at an angle A at 90 degrees from the first linear polarization angle β and said second linear polarized filter being at an angle B at 90 degrees from the second linear polarization α , wherein the left and right values are recovered from said transformed modular and angular signals with said first and second filters at A and B angles as follows:

$$\sqrt{(L^2 + 4LR\cos\theta\sin\theta + R^2)} \bullet Cos\left(\arctan\left(\frac{L\sin\theta + R\cos\theta}{L\cos\theta + R\sin\theta}\right) + \theta\right) = left \bullet Cos(2\theta)$$
(11)

$$\sqrt{(L^2 + 4LR\cos\theta\sin\theta + R^2)} \bullet Sin\left(\arctan\left(\frac{L\sin\theta + R\cos\theta}{L\cos\theta + R\sin\theta}\right) - \theta\right) = right \bullet Cos(2\theta)$$
(12)

where
$$2\theta = (90^{\circ} - (\alpha + \beta)) = A - \alpha = B - \beta$$
.

- 21. (Original) The display according to claim 20, wherein said filters are mounted on viewer spectacles.
- 22. (Amended) The display according to claim 21, wherein said viewer spectacles comprising comprise a parasite elliptical light eliminator.
- 23. (Amended) The display according to any one of claims claim 18 to 22, further comprising a memory means for storing transformed signals.
- 24. (Amended) The display according to anyone of claims claim 19 and 20, wherein, wherein each frame is toggled between two Modulo-Angular discrete signals to yield obtain an average thereof, thereby reducing cross talk between the first and second images.
- 25. (Original) The display according to claim 2, further connected to a controller means, said controller means controlling an overdrive of at least one of said first matrix display panel and said second matrix display panel.
- 26. (Amended) The display according to anyone of claims claim 18 to 22, further connected to a controller means, said controller means controlling delay of the modular and angular signals, wherein i) when a sub-pixel goes from dark to bright while a second corresponding pixel is dark, the Modulo signal is delayed relative to the angular signal; and ii) when the first sub-pixel goes from bright to dark while the second corresponding pixel is dark, the Angular signal is delayed relative to the Modulo signal.
- 27. (Original) The display according to claim 1, wherein said intensity modulating matrix display comprises a first LCD panel and said polarizing matrix display panel comprises a second LCD panel, said polarizing matrix display panel comprising a filter sheet on the front surface thereof, yielding an enhanced 2D screen.
- 28. (Amended) The display according to claim 1, wherein said intensity modulating matrix display emprising comprises a first LCD panel and said polarizing matrix display panel emprising comprises a second LCD panel, said display being looked at with a non 3D type of polarized glasses, yielding an enhanced 2D screen.

- 29. (Amended) The display according to claim 1, wherein said intensity modulating matrix display emprising comprises a first LCD panel and said polarizing matrix display panel emprising comprises a second LCD panel, a private image being shown on the second LCD while a complete white image is displayed on the first LCD, whereby only a user wearing polarized glasses is able to the private image, other people seeing only a white screen.
- 30. (Amended) The display according to claim 1, wherein said intensity modulating matrix display emprising comprises a first LCD panel and said polarizing matrix display panel emprising comprises a second LCD panel, a private image being shown on the second LCD while a fake image is displayed on the first LCD, whereby only a user wearing polarized glasses is able to see the private image, other people seeing the fake image.
- 31. (Original) A method for generating stereoscopic images, comprising the steps of:

 providing an intensity modulating matrix display;

 providing a polarizing matrix display panel following the intensity

modulating matrix display; and

one of:

- a) controlling each pixel of the polarizing matrix display panel and a rotation of a generated polarized light over a range including 90 degrees and below; and
- b) controlling each pixel of the polarizing matrix display panel and a phase between a fast and a slow axes of a polarized light coming from a corresponding pixel of said intensity modulating matrix display over a range including 180 degrees and below.